Appendix 2 (late responses): Summary of Consultations Received on the Draft South Cambridgeshire District Council Biodiversity Strategy

Consultee	Nature	Representation	Assessment	Recommendation
CCC,	Support	1) Policy	1) Noted, clarification on	1) No change
Environment	and	Is it the intention of SCDC is to adopt the Biodiversity	this point is provided	2) No change
and Policy	suggeste	Strategy as SPD following the adoption of the LDF in spring	in the Strategy on p.3.	3) No change
Service (Phil	d	2007? Currently the strategy only refers to two policies, LDF:	2) The suggested range	4) Include suitable
Clark)	ammend	POLICY NE/6 Biodiversity and Policy NE/7 Sites of	of policies against	reference on p.8 such
	ments	Biodiversity or Geological Importance in addition to those of	which future SPD will	as, "and the
		the adopted Local Plan.	have to be assessed	emerging East of
			is welcomed.	England Plan have
		2) Therefore it is suggested that the Biodiversity Strategy	However, the	emphasised"
		would have to be reviewed in the light of the adoption of the	inclusion of the full	5) Change BAP urb/1,
		policies of the LDF prior to a further period of public	range of policies is	action, on p.25 to
		consultation. The following is a suggested list of those	not required within	read, "Develop
		Development Control policies	the Strategy whilst it	detailed and
			is simply council	appropriate planning
		3) There is also a need for clarification whether it is the	policy in support of	guidance within the
		intention that the Biodiversity Strategy will be used in the	the Local Plan 2004.	Biodiversity Strategy
		determination of planning applications prior to the adoption of	3) Noted, clarification on	to secure"
		the LDF.	this point is provided	6) In the light of the
			in the Strategy on p.3.	DEFRA Local Sites
		4) Contribution to the Regional Spatial Strategy (P8)	4) Noted, included	guidance it would be
		Reference is made to RPG 6 but not to the East of England	appropriate reference	wise to review to
		Plan. In particular Policy ENV3: biodiversity and earth	to the Plan.	LBA proposal,
		heritage. This document refers to the consideration, which	5) Noted, there is a	ensuring
		should be given to biodiversity in plans, policies and	slight degree of	consistency with
		proposals.	confusion within the	guidance now will
			statement. Insert	avoid confusion
		5) Biodiversity Action Plan: Built environment (P25)	further text to clarify	when the Strategy is
		"Develop detailed and appropriate planning guidance to	the point.	finally proposed as
		secure the innovative provision of biodiversity enhancement	6) Noted, in the light of	SPD.
		measures within all developments". It is unclear as to what	the recently	There is a need to
		this is referring to, is this a reference to the Biodiversity	received DEFRA	reconsider the

Strategy, which is to become SPD or something else.

6) BS3 – Designation of Local Biodiversity Areas (LBAs) and supporting text (P38)

It is important that this principle is consistent with Structure Plan policies however it is felt that this is not achieved because this section of the document is confused and needs to be clarified. There is concern that the introduction of new and additional terminology is unnecessary and will further add to confusion of planners, developers and the public. This is because the introduction of a new tiered system for sites includes both statutory and non-statutory designation. The principle also has the potential to cover a significant proportion of District land that could undermine the system of site protection and be impractical to operate. If this approach is followed it must be clear who is identifying and reviewing the status of areas listed as local biodiversity areas.

There is a need to refer to the recent DEFRA guidance on identification, selection and management of local (non statutory) sites.

7) BS11 – Provision of Green Roofs (P68) Draft PPS 25: Development and Flood Risk refers to "promoting the use of Sustainable Drainage Systems (SUDs) to achieve wider benefits such as sustainable development. water quality, biodiversity and local amenity". Therefore it is suggested that this Biodiversity principle should be expanded to include other SUDs measures in addition to Green Roofs. which could incorporate biodiversity features e.g. swales.

quidance on Local Sites there is a requirement to ensure a consistent approach across **England. Guidance** is given as to how LPAs are expected to achieve this. The SCDC approach is currently not consistent with the new DEFRA Local Sites guidance, particularly the proposal of LBAs. Furthermore, there is a need to develop and publish the criteria by which Local Sites are to be designated, and a **Local Sites** Partnership should be established to assist with this process. Such a body needs yet to be established for Cambs. Whilst it is acknowledged that the Structure Plan

proposed approach to LBAs in order to make it consistent with the Local Sites quidance. This will result in the removal of the LBA maps 1-15 and to incorporate them into one proposals map, and the review/re-wording or BS3 and BS4.

- 7) No change
- 8) No change
- 9) No change
- 10) No change
- 11) No change
- 12) Include reference to BRC on p.31.
- 13) No change
- 14) No change
- 15) Correct the decribed growth area on p.7 to read. "Growth area is London-Stansted-Cambridge-Peterborough, and covers the whole of the District." 16) Change title to

8) Enhancing biodiversity through development schemes (P71-72)

Support the development principles to be taken into consideration when developing a site.

9) Table 10 - Guidance for typical "smaller" development proposals and potential impacts (P78), Table 11 – Statutorily protected species and the habitats where they may occur (P79).

South Cambridgeshire Biodiversity Checklist (P82)
The above tables and checklist are supported as they provide information to applicants and will improve the development control process through the provision of sufficient information.

10) Rights of Way

It should be noted that in South Cambridgeshire there are significant coincidences of wildlife interest associated with public rights of way, where it could be argued the latter has provided the protection that sustained the former e.g. Roman Road and Ashwell Street.

I would suggest that provision of open space and routes should be considered with current provision and current and likely future demand in mind. To this end I would recommend referral to the Green Infrastructure Strategy. I would add that members of the public seeking a countryside experience could go home more satisfied if directed to an area of amenity green space, than if they have been encouraged to use a site valuable for a species susceptible to trampling which they were unable to recognise.

The Cambridgeshire Rights of Way Improvement Plan is not mentioned despite being occasional reference to countryside access for which it is the chief statutory guiding document in

policy P7/1 does not make provisions for wildlife sites such as Pocket Parks or Village Green Space they are felt to be important to the district for the conservation of biodiversity within parishes. In the light of the Local Sites quidance the council should perhaps attach a greater importance to the need and urgency of designating such lower tier sites as LNRs. The reasons for notifying such sites also needs to be included within the Strategy.

7) Noted, the inclusion of principle BS11 is to raise awareness of green roofs, not specifically SUDs. SUDs are supported by their own PPS

include "Peterborough" 17) Review the BAP targets that were for 2005 given the length of time that has now passed since the original drafting. Invited CCC to comment where they are proposed as a lead partner. 18) On p.18, BAP rw/3 include SCDC and EA as lead partners. 19) Add in text. "Rivers and streams can contribute to the creation/enhancement of areen corridors defined in the Green Infrastructure Strategy"

- 20) No change 21) Remove CCC
- from actions and targets relating to hedgerows, p.23.
- 22) No change
- 23) As for "12" above
- 24) No change
- 25) No change

the county. The most pertinent Improvement Plan policies are Statement of Action Issue 6 action (6/5) calling for better conservation liaison and Issue 8 action 8/1 seeking an antiflytip programme on paths.

11) General

One general concern is that the document appears to be attempting to do many different things. As a result it comes across as confused and does not leave a lasting impression on what the Council is ultimately trying to achieve. It is therefore suggested that Section 2 contains a short and clear list of objectives so the reader can see at a glance what this strategy wants to achieve for the District. The second suggestion is that the action plan is separated from the main strategy and presented as a key delivery mechanism. Whilst it shouldn't be relegated to an appendix there is a need to enable it to be updated fairly easily and perhaps be seen as part 2 of the document.

It would appear that there are three things this document wants to achieve

- What the strategic strategy is for the District
- What the justification is or what the drivers are for the strategy
- Delivery mechanism and guidance.

By separating out the different sections of the document it should be a clearer document to engage with.

12) Biological Record Centre

The document does not contain a specific section that relates to the collation and use of ecological information nor does it mention the Biological Record Centre (BRC). A reference to this resource and the benefits it can bring to planning

- which draws suitable attention to their benefits.
- 8) Noted
- 9) Noted
- 10) Noted, it is not felt necessary to specifically reference issues and actions of the RoWIP within the Strategy.
- 11) Noted, statement is disagreed with. The Biodiversity Statements outline what the Council expects to achieve, many respondents have been able to understand and appreciate the purpose of the Strategy. The BAP is presented in its current location so that the actions and targets of the Council are clearly accessible and come before the Planning Guidance where harm resulting from development

- 26) Review the presentation of LBA maps in the light of the new Local Sites guidance.
- 27) Review BS4 in the light of the new Local Sites guidance.
- 28) Include a suitable cross reference to the SC Biodiversity Site Checklist on p.57
- 29) On p.58 BS6 second sentence, include, "
-Enhancement
 Areas and the Green
 Infrastructure Strategy
 for the Cambridge
 Sub-Region" and
 replace "wider Growth
 Area" with the
 "Cambridge subregion". And, obtain
 suitable wording
 relating to the Green
 Infrastructure
 Strategy's brief from
 CCC.
 30) No change

decisions needs to be strengthened especially in the text on page 31. A section detailing how the strategy will be monitored is particularly important and in relation to the action plan would also be helpful.

13) Biodiversity and People

The document needs to be more explicit about the creation of new habitats for people and wildlife and must contain a brief paragraph highlighting the need for ongoing management and monitoring of existing and new habitats to ensure success against the principles and objectives of the strategy.

14) Green Infrastructure Strategy

There should be a specific and explicit reference to the Green Infrastructure Strategy in the document. Some of the BAP issues in the SCDC BAP Plan will contribute to the Green Infrastructure Strategy. The intention of the Green Infrastructure Forum, of which South Cambridgeshire District Council is a member, is to adopt this strategy into the Local Development Framework.

- 15) Specific Comments
 Section 2.2, page 7 Growth area is London-Stansted-Cambridge-Peterborough, and covers the whole of the District.
- 16) Section 3.1, page 11 The title of 3.1 needs to be amended to read Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Biodiversity Action Plan
- 17) Section Biodiversity Action Plan 2005-2008, page 16 The time scale for the action plan should be revised so that it

- proposals is likely to arise. Following various review of the content arrangement the current format is felt to be suitable.
- 12) Noted, the BRC is included on p.89. However, it should be referenced to within p.31. Monitoring of the Strategy will take place at the end of 2008.
- 13) Noted, it is felt that suitable references to accessible wildlife spaces is already provided within the Strategy e.g. p.33,38 & 56
- 14) Noted, see p. 7, 59 & 60
- 15) Noted, amend accordingly.
- 16)Noted, amend accordingly.
- 17) Noted, the action plan period started in 2005 due to the long lead in time to produce the draft

- 31) Include detail of CCC Biodiversity
 Officer and clarify the level of protection afforded to PRVs
 32) No change
 33) No change
 34) No change
 35) Included additional reference to
- 34) No change
 35) Included additional reference to "Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 Section 74: list of habitats and species of principal importance for the conservation of biological diversity in England" on p. 77.
 36) Review the inclusion of LBA in the light of new Local Sites guidance.

runs from 2006/07 - 2008/09.

Presentation of this section of the document would be clearer if only 1 lead partner was identified with a separate column for contributing organisations.

A key for abbreviations at the bottom of the page by the tables would be helpful.

A number of projects highlighted in these tables have been allocated to CCC. These will need updating prior to this draft being published and we would like the opportunity to agree these.

- 18) Page 17 Preservation of priority species water vole. This might be an error in presentation, but no lead partner has been identified.
- 19) Page 17 Development of rivers and streams conservation Add, "Rivers and streams can contribute to the creation/enhancement of green corridors defined in the Green Infrastructure Strategy.
- 20) Page 22 Grassland. Contribute to Green Infrastructure Strategy
- 21) Page 23 Preservation of priority habitats hedgerows. Given the withdrawal of funding for our hedgerow scheme some time ago we suggest that our initials should be removed from this action.
- 22) It is suggested that each Biodiversity principle has a bulleted summary of the key guidance to enable the readers to quickly refer to it without having to wade through the entire text.

- Strategy. An amendment will now be made to the general timings. CCC should be invited to comment upon the lead partner proposals.
- 18) Noted, propose lead partner to be SCDC and EA
- 19) Noted, add in additional text to Relevance to South Cambs column
- 20) Noted, no change due to space restrictions.
- 21) Noted
- 22) Noted
- 23) Noted, reference to the Cambs and Peterborough Checklist has been superseded by the SC Biodiversity Site Checklist. Reference to BRC already acknowledged in "12" above.
- 24) Noted
- 25) Noted, the reference

23) BS1, page 31 - The supporting text should strengthen the need for surveys and be more explicit drawing on the stages within the Cambs & Peterborough Biodiversity Checklist to survey, protect, mitigate etc. A recommendation that all application sites should be surveyed to assess the value to biodiversity would strengthen the text.

A reference to the BRC should also be included to direct the reader to where additional information may be obtained.

- 24) Page 33 Enhancement of existing biodiversity assets. The text needs to be made clearer and make a reference to the wider countryside, emphasising the point that enhancement need not be within a development area or just next door to existing sites of nature conservation value although this will be viewed favourably.
- 25) Page 34 Natural areas. Whilst the use of natural areas to help guide planting specifications/landscape design is welcomed the document ought to reference Cambridgeshire's Landscape Guidelines as well.
- 26) LBA maps, page 41-55. The document places significant emphasis on these areas potentially to the detriment of sites with statutory designation. The inclusion of individual maps for each area is not warranted and they should be included on proposals map instead to help reduce the length of the document.
- 27) BS 4 Protection and management of LBAs The inclusion of a policy on the management of LBAs raises the question as to why other types of sites have not been

- to Landscape
 Guidelines will be the
 subject of a separate
 SPD in due course.
- 26) The inclusion of the LBA maps in this manner was considered to be the most effective means of drawing attention to relatively small sites. In the light of the new Local Sites guidance they shall be reviewed.
- 27) In the light of the new Local Sites guidance BS 4 shall be reviewed.
- 28) Noted, it is agreed that there is a need for BS5 to cross reference to the SC Biodiversity Site Checklist.
- 29) Noted, accept proposed additional wording and correction.
- 30) Noted, the proposed CEA largely include

given the same treatment?

- 28) BS 5 Mitigation and compensation It is important that this section makes a reference to the Biodiversity Checklist
- 29) BS 6, page 58 BS6 should include reference to the Green Infrastructure Strategy at the end of the second sentence, "...Enhancement Areas and the Green Infrastructure Strategy for the Cambridge Sub-Region". Under 'Establishing enhancement targets': The Green Infrastructure Strategy covers the Cambridge Sub-Region, not the 'wider Growth Area'. Reference should be made to the strategy's brief rather than the text included in the SCDC document (this can be provided separately).
- 30) BS 7 Countryside Enhancement areas, page 59 Clarification is needed to avoid confusion as to whether new Countryside Enhancement Areas are to be identified or use those in the Structure Plan Policy P7/3. It has been assumed it is the latter.
- 31) BS 8 Roadside Verges page 60 It is suggested that this section should be expanded, perhaps to note how many Protected Roadside Verges (PRVs) there are in the District. As a general point it should be noted that road verges need special consideration if planning any works that may affect them. Inclusion of the CCC Biodiversity Officer contact details to discuss PRVs could be included for further information.
- 32) Proposals Map 3, page 62 Wildlife corridors should broadly correspond to Green Corridors in Green Infrastructure Strategy, where possible/practical.

- those of the Structure Plan and propose additional ones given the length of time passed since the Plan was written and the number of projects evolving in the district.
- 31) Noted, include details of the CCC Biodiversity Officer response for the protection and management of PRVs. Clarify the level of protection afforded to PRVs.
- 32) Noted
- 33) Noted, No comment as such received from the WT. WiT to provide the definitive answer.
- 34) Noted, the current position of the guidelines is felt to be adequate. The Principles are what future applications shall be assessed against (and they

		33) Enhancement of woodland sites, page 64 - Forest of	incorporate many of the guideline	
		South Cambridgeshire is a Wildlife Trust and Woodland Trust	aspects).	
		initiative – also alter earlier reference to this scheme.	35) Noted, however the inclusion of all	
		34) 4.2 Enhancing biodiversity through development	species listed in the	
		schemes, page 71 - These are very important sections that	CROW Act would	
		should be moved to the beginning of this chapter. These	make this section too	
		contain key principles that should be followed through into the	long. The ODPM web	
		Control Principles and it is felt that their current location could mean they are overlooked.	link is provided. Agreed that full	
		mean they are eventocked.	reference should be	
		35) 4.4 Statutorily Protected Species, page 77 – Also needs	made to the section	
		to list those species and habitats listed under CROW Act	74 species within the	
		2000. Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 - Section 74:	text.	
		list of habitats and species of principal importance for the conservation of biological diversity in England.	36) Noted, reference to the Cambs and	
		conservation of stological diversity in England.	Peterborough	
		36) 4.5 South Cambridgeshire Biodiversity site checklist,	Checklist has been	
		page 81 - A reference in the text should really be made to the	superseded by the	
		Cambs & Peterborough Biodiversity checklists. The guidance	SC Biodiversity Site Checklist. The	
		provided in these should help applicants fill in the form more effectively. On the form, under site designation it also needs	guidelines on p.71 will	
		to include Local Nature reserves as a statutory site.	help applicants to	
		,	complete the	
			checklist. The	
			inclusion of LBA on	
			the checklist would have accounted for	
			the presence of an	
			LNR.	
CCC, County S	Support	1) General Comment:	1) Noted, the emerging	1) No change

Development,	I note the status of the document. With regard to adoption	LDF contains the	2) No change
Minerals and	of this document as SPD the Government Office has	necessary provisions.	3) Review all
Waste Group	advised this Council that in order to link SPD to a new	2) Noted, consideration	proposed CEAs in
(David	LDF Plan the SPD must be prepared / reviewed after the	should be given to the	the light of the
Atkinson)	new Plan is adopted, through the statutory processes for	scope of potential after-	Minerals and Waste
	preparing SPD, before it can be tied to the new Plan.	use restoration plans.	Development Plan.
	Clearly provision for this must be made in the Council's	3) Noted, review sites	4) No change
	Local Development Scheme.	4) Noted 5) Noted	5) No change
	2) Detailed Comments:		
	It should be noted that some of the sites that have been		
	put forward within the context of this Council's Minerals		
	and Waste Development Plan (Issues and Options Paper		
	1 and Paper 2) are in special areas referred to in the		
	Biodiversity Strategy. For completeness the list is as		
	follows:		
	 SS5 Site 1 Honey Hill Area of Search is in 		
	Countryside Enhancement Area 4, Wicken Fen Vision		
	Area to Great Wilbraham (Wetland habitats, inc fen		
	and wet grassland. Dry grassland, inc. chalk and		
	neutral grassland)		
	 SS1 Site 4 Needingworth is in Countryside 		
	Enhancement Area 1, Fen Drayton to Willingham,		
	River Ouse corridor (Wetland habitats, inc, fen and		
	wet grassland)		
	SS2 Site 4 Needingworth is in Countryside		
	Enhancement Area 1, Fen Drayton to Willingham,		
	River Ouse corridor (Wetland habitats, inc, fen and		
	wet grassland)		
	SS2 Site 2 Hauxton is in Countryside Enhancement		
	Area 11, River Rhee corridor (Wetland habitats, inc.		
	fen and wet grassland)		

- SS4 Site 21 Bridgefoot Quarry Flint Cross is in Countryside Enhancement Area 9, Great Chishill to the A505 (Chalk Grassland)
- SS1 Site 21 Station Quarry Steeple Morden is in Countryside Enhancement Area 12 (woodland inc. grassland specific to varying geology)
- SS2 Site 1 Cottenham has a Wildlife Corridor running through the Site.
- SS1 Site 8 Barrington has Wildlife Corridor running through the Site.
- Proposals Map 1 Barbastelle bat area of importance for Eversden and Wimpole Woods Special Area of Conservation (SAC). Both SS1 Site 8 Barrington and SS4 Site 38 Barrington fall within the area the bats fly and feed.
- 3) These are suggestions for new minerals and waste development that have been put forward by the minerals and waste operators, and other stakeholders, including the County Council as a waste management service provider. We are sharing these suggestions with stakeholders, including the public, in order to obtain their views prior to undertaking a site selection process. It is following this exercise that the Council will identify its Preferred Options in late 2006.
- 4) In considering the impact of any future minerals or waste development it should be made clear in the Biodiversity Strategy that such development does not necessarily have an adverse impact. Indeed areas that are now valuable for biodiversity have in the past been formed by minerals and

contribute both to the biodiversity and habitat enhancement schemes. 5) In addition broader aspirations in relation to increasing public access to the countryside and rights of way can also be secured through minerals and waste development.	
Haslingfield PC (Janet Hendy) Support and seek (inclusion of further sites 1) I have circulated the consultation draft amongst the Haslingfield Parish Councillors and the comments coming back are that there is no mention of Haslingfield Quarry Pit or Wellhouse Meadow which is an area of common land in the village owned by the PC. 1) I haslingfield Quarry Pit is a CWS, thus the protection afforded under SBGI policy in the LDF would be applicable. The Ecology Officer is not familiar with the biodiversity value of Wellhouse Meadow. It should be investigated in further detail and considered as a Local Site in due course (inline with the new Local Sites guidance rather than as a LBA).	
Bridget Hodge Support 1) Thank you for consulting Gt Shelford P.C. on the 1) Noted 1) No change Chair Planning Biodiversity Strategy. We found it to be a clear, 2) Noted, this is an issue 2) No change	

Gt Shelford P.C.		comprehensive and welcome survey of all aspects of biodiversity conservation.	for the monitoring of planning conditions and S106 agreements.	3) No change 4) No change
		2) The detailed and specific strategies for action are clearly outlined and the reference material is useful. Our main concern is how these excellent proposals can be	Noted, it will note be possible to enter into a greater role with respect	
		overseen and managed - past experience has shown that they can be implemented but that there are not enough resources to ensure the ongoing success of projects e.g. the newt ponds illustrated on page 74 which twice	to monitor partnership projects site due to the large time commitment involved.	
		drained dry because of their construction. 3) We therefore welcome the partnership initiative and would	4) Noted, the print layout has been arranged in this manner to minimise	
		hope that it could be extended from an enhancement role to one of monitoring to ensure that initiatives to retain local biodiversity are effectively implemented and consistently	the numbers of pages that the various tables take up. No other	
		maintained.	respondents have expressed the concern.	
		4) (In some of the tables, items reading across do not always relate to each other - a small point in a useful and interesting document which we hope will generate projects in the local area.)		
Willingham PC	Agreeme nt	1) With Biodiversity now high up on the political agenda and the Biodiversity remit having been granted Royal Assent via Parliament, the opportunities this present the District to address the Biodiversity Issues are enormous.	1) Noted 2) Noted, comment appears slightly unfair due to the large emphasis placed upon	1) No change 2) No change 3) No change 4) No change 5) No change
		2) Whilst broadly agreeing with the vision document, it appears to lack as much foresight as it might in maintaining the status quo for most of the District. Opportunities for enhancement appear to have been lost.	enhancement especially BS7 and section 4.2. 3) BS7, area 1, outlines the area of land that could be suitable for the	6) No change

- 3) Willingham is fortunate in that the proposal to create ...wetland habitats including fen and wet grassland...' -Proposals Map 3 - is part of the 50 year vision and to be welcomed and applauded but what and where are the more immediate proposals? With the quantity of new developments now beginning to accelerate and scheduled to rise still more in the immediate future, it would that appear more habitats are being destroyed than being preserved or even improved. It is accepted that hedgerows are important green corridors in their own right, but the amount being ripped out in the name of progress in this vicinity is extremely worrying. There do not appear to be plans to have them replaced on a 'like for like' basis and any new plantings (if any are proposed) will take many years to reach the same level of maturity. Hopefully this type of habitat will be secured from further destruction with this Biodiversity strategy.
- 4) Whilst it is encouraging to see 'greenspace' included in new developments, this appears to be on a very formal basis. It could be more profitable if a system of 'community consultation' could be written into the developments with the community being responsible for an area of say 2/3 ha. This would then become their space. Encouragement and support for planting neighbourhood copses of trees or small woods would also be a gain for biodiversity. but more importantly both would provide respite from usage and an opportunity for the more formal green space to develop and increase the range of biodiversity. Thus the areas would compliment each other and also increase the development of Green Infrastructure. The same principle should also apply to

enhancement of countryside in the Willingham area in the medium term. The protection of hedgerows is considered in the BAP fm/2 to 5. Protection of hedgerows is also covered by the **Hedgerow Regulations** and unmitigated impacts should not be occurring. 4) The opportunity for land to be managed by the community currently exists, such as through the parcels of land given to PCs as a result of planning gain. The negotiation of larger parcels of land could possibly be achieved where there was a desire to take on the specialist management of the land (which is often felt to be beyond the scope of most PCs) 5) Proposals map 1 has been refined with the input of the Cambs Bat Group (C Vine) to

retention of footpaths and bridleways. Although not specifically noted in the Strategy document, these areas are important corridors not only for people but wildlife and therefore Biodiversity.	produce a map that is considered to be a more accurate representation of the main foraging area, rather than to use	
5) Referring to the area of the SAC and in particular the Barbastelle bat. Current research being carried out on the bat would suggest that the bat will travel up to 20km in its search for Lepidoptera. An area stretching from Wimple to Cambridge (it has been recorded doing this journey twice a day). What plans are in place to protect the hedgerows and other 'lines' that the bat uses in its search are not clear	to use a prescriptive 20km area around the main roost. The Habitats Regulations will be unused where appropriate to protected roosts and important landscape features. 6) Noted	
6) Whilst the Biodiversity Strategy has the potential to enhance the environment, the reality of it to take precedence over conflicting developments is in question. It will require a strong and united front from Parish District and County Councils to see it prevail.		